

## **PSHE Whole School Overview**

All Saints C of E Primary School and Nursery



#### **PSHE Statement of Intent:**

Our intention is that when children leave All Saints primary school, they will do so with the knowledge, understanding and emotions to be able to play an active, positive and successful role in today's diverse society. We want our children to flourish, have high aspirations, a belief in themselves and realise that anything is possible if they put their mind to it. In an ever–changing world, it is important that they are aware, to an appropriate level, of different factors which will affect their world and that they learn how to deal with these so that they have good mental health and well-being.

### **PSHE Curriculum Implementation:**

PSHE is taught as an integral part of our curriculum and underpins our overall aims, values and ethos of our school. PSHE lessons are taught through a clear and comprehensive scheme of work in line with the National Curriculum and the statutory Health Education and Relationships Education guidance. Pupils from nursery to Year 6 are taught PSHE using 'SCARF' (Safety, Caring, Achievement, Resilience and Friendship) which is a spiral, progressive scheme of work with a whole school approach to wellbeing and mental health and a vison for 'all children to acquire the life skills needed to thrive'. At All Saints, we feel it is vital to tailor our PSHE curriculum to meet the needs of our school community and the wider community. We do this by carefully analysing the SDQ and Boxall profiles on a regular basis, listening to our pupils' voice through pupil discussions and health assessment questionnaires and using 'finger tips' to plan a meaningful and enriched PSHE curriculum. This is then reviewed annually and adapted as necessary to meet the needs of all children.

PSHE is taught through SCARF's six half termly themes with each year group studying the same unit at the same time (at their own level- see below):

Autumn 1- Keeping Myself Safe including Protective Behaviours, road safety and water safety

Autumn 2- Me and My Relationships

Spring 1- Growing and Changing including sex and health education

Spring 2- Valuing Difference

Summer 1 – Rights and Respect

Summer 2- Being my Best

It also identifies links to British Values, Protected characteristics and SMSC because it is important that our children should have an understanding of the full diversity of the world they live in and be prepared for life in modern Britain.

## **PSHE Curriculum Impact:**

By the time our children leave our school they will:

- be able to approach a range of real life situations and apply their skills and attributes to help navigate themselves through modern life
- be on their way to becoming healthy, open minded, respectful, socially and morally responsible, active members of society appreciate difference and diversity
  - recognise and apply the British Values of Democracy, Tolerance, Mutual respect, Rule of law and Liberty
  - be able to understand and manage their emotions

- be able to look after their mental health and well-being
- be able to develop positive, healthy relationship with their peers both now and in the future. understand the physical aspects involved in RSE at an age appropriate level have respect for themselves and others. have a positive self esteem

	Whole School PSHE/RSHE Overview									
Autun	nn Term	Spri	ng Term	Summer Term						
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2					
Theme: Keeping Safe 8 weeks	Theme: Me and My Relationships 7 weeks	Theme: Growing and Changing 5 weeks	Theme: Valuing Difference 5 weeks	Theme: Rights and Respect 7 weeks	Theme: Being my Best 7 weeks					
Apart from Autumn term 1 please teach the lessons in any order depending on your class' needs. Recap Protective Behaviour Strategies daily – Review network at least every half term Use feelings language from Zones of Regulation on a daily basis Zones of Regulation feelings display in every classroom										

Important Dates									
Black History Month World Mental Health Day- 10th October	Anti-Bullying Week 13 <sup>th</sup> -17 <sup>th</sup> November Odd Socks Day- 13 <sup>th</sup> November Remembrance Day Road Safety Week – 14 <sup>th</sup> November	Safer Internet Day-6 <sup>th</sup> February	SATS	Visitor from SCARF into School Mental Health Week- 13 <sup>th</sup> May	Transition Activities				
Bas	ed on Boxall and SDQ assessments t	Pastoral Interve		place across the school					
Reception- 'Time to talk' (small group) Reception to Year 6 Nurture for (identified pupils) Year 1 and 2 – Social skills group Year 3- Zones of Regulation (Transition whole class) Year 5- Social skills (small group) Year 5- Peer Mediation (3 days- 1 a week whole class) Year 6- 0-5 scale (whole Class)	Reception- 'Time to talk' (small group) Reception to Year 6- Nurture for (identified pupils) Year 1 and 2 -'Tabby and Tom cat' social skills small group Year 3- Zones of Regulation (transition/whole class) Year 5- Social skills (small group) Year 6- Fantastic Elastic (whole class) Play therapy for identified children	Reception to Year 6 -Nurture for (identified pupils) Year 2 –'Socially speaking' (small group) Year 5- Social skills (small group) Play therapy for identified children	Reception to Year 6- Nurture for (identified pupils) Year 1 and 2– Social skills (small group) Year 5- Social skills (small group) Year 6 – mental health preparation for SATS (whole class)	Reception to Year 6- Nurture for (identified pupils) Year 2- Introduction to Zones of Regulation (whole class session) Year 4- peacemakers (10 weeks/whole class) Year 5- Social skills (small group) Year 6- Transition (after SATS/whole class) Key stage 2 - <b>bike</b> <b>ability</b>	Reception to Year 6 - Nurture for (identified pupils) Year 2- Introduction to Zones of Regulation (whole class session) Year 1 and 2 – Social skills (small group) Year 4- Peacemakers (whole class) Year 5- Social Skills (small group) Year 6- Transition (after SATS/whole class) Key stage 2- <b>bike</b>				

## Key:

Bold: Gaps in response to pupil's voice/needs using assessments, Year 6 health questionnaires and Finger tips data.

\* Protected Characteristics: All children gain an understanding of the world they are growing up in, and learn how to live alongside and show respect for, a diverse range of people.

\* British Values: Fundamental British Values are not exclusive to being British and are shared by other democratic countries as a way of creating an orderly society, where individual members can feel safe, valued and can contribute for the good of themselves and others.

Italics- skills covered from SCARF lesson but taught through a different lesson/activity eg peacemakers

	Autu	ımn	Spr	ing	Sur	nmer
	Keeping Safe	Me and My Relationships	Growing and Changing	Valuing Difference	Rights and Respect	Being my Best
Nursery *Online Safety: Taught through Kapow lessons *Please review networks half termly*	<ul> <li>Week 1: School rules and zones of Regulation/talk through the display.</li> <li>Week 2: Growth mindset (see resources on shared)</li> <li>People who help me and keep me safe</li> <li>First Aid: Safety indoors and outdoors</li> <li>Road safety and water</li> </ul>	Anti-Bullying Week: Including everyone Marvellous me * I'm special * People who are special to me * First Aid: What's safe to go into my body	Growing and changing in nature When I was a baby Girls, boys and families *	Me and my friends ** Friends and family * Including everyone *	Looking after myself Looking after others Looking after my environment SCARF visit: Taking care of myself (or teacher preference)	What does my body need? Last PSED lesson: Growth Mindset: I can keep trying I can do it
	safety lessons					

Vocabulary Builder	Safe Unsafe Rules Feelings Who can help? safety signs careful grown up labels tell clothing medicines tummy feelings playground cleaning products unsafe car-park water pavement food paint fresh air scissors glue trust address We all have the right to feel safe all the time We can talk with someone even if it feels awful or small We use the correct body part names Early warning signs Network My body Private	like special big feel feel small choose look colour head friends hug arms near legs far eyes sad ears love nose adopt mouth special days teeth quiet hands loud fingers help feet special toes	change grow change temperature bigger hear taller smell see adoption different special needs remember warmer seasons weather private parts penis vulva different families private places dolls and cars are for everyone	similar different friendship friend family special similar different kind sharing helping feelings	similar different helping family friends feelings classroom care tidy clean look after healthy snacks sugar germs wash hands fruit vegetables	food challenge water encourage exercise keep trying sleep get better at energy practice encourage keep trying challenge

Private parts			
Secrets			
Secrets			
Safe secrets			
Unsafe secrets			
Tell			
Network review			
Canal			
Water			
Safety			
Lake			
River			
Risk			
Danger Hazard			
Hazard			
Edge Think			
Think			
Stop			
Stop Look			
Listen			
Wait			
Arrive			
Green cross code			
Vigilant			
Vigilant			
Community			
Alert			
Road			

	Keeping Safe	Me and My Relationships	Growing and Changing	Valuing Difference	Rights and Respect	Being my Best
Reception *Online Safety: Taught through Kapow lessons *Please review networks half termly*	Week 1: School rules and zones of Regulation/talk through display Week 2: Growth Mindset (see resources on shared) Weeks 3-7: Introduction to Protective Behaviours (1 lesson a week) Week 8: First Aid: Safe indoors and outdoors EXTRA lessons: Road safety and water safety lessons (see resources on shared)	Anti-Bullying Week: I am a friend * All about me * What makes me special Me and my special people Who can help me? My feelings My feelings (2) First Aid: What's safe to go into my body (including medicines)	Life stages - plants, animals, humans * Where do babies come from?/_Life Stages: Human life stage - who will I be?/Getting bigger_* First Aid: What's safe to go onto my body	I'm special, you're special * Same and Different ** Same and different families ** Same and different homes * I am caring *	RespectLooking after my special peopleLooking after my friendsBeing helpful at home and caring for our classroomCaring for our worldLooking after money (1): recognising, spending, usingLooking after money (2): saving money and keeping it safeSCARF Visit: All about me (or teacher preference)	Yes, I can! Healthy eating My healthy mind Move your body A good night's sleep Last PSED lesson: Growth Mindset: Bouncing back When things go wrong

# Vocabulary Builder



ry Builder	Rules	special	seasons	special	family	bounce back
ly Dunder	Feelings	family	growing	same	friends	try
	keep clean	practice	baby	likes	working together	food
$\frown$	sleep	favourite	spring	different	look after	encourage
	•		life cycles	dislikes	responsibility	-
	keep safe	help	child			try again
	water	effort		kind formilu	help each other	energy
	food	same	summer	family	helpful	exercise
	fresh air	special people	egg	favourite	be alone	grow
	cuddle	different	teenager	unkind	caring	sleep
	medicine		autumn	new friend	environment	healthy
	chemist		seed	kindness	money	wash
	doctor		adult	friendship	litter	fruit
	grown up		winter	home	shop	healthy
	safe		baby		save	vegetable
	unsafe		old age		electricity	dairy
	detective		cycle		buy	routine
	tummy feelings		grow		safe place	heart
	uncomfortable		change		pollution	calm
	worried		old		cost	muscles
	tell		young		recycling	sleep
	adult		family		pay	·
	trust		baby		1 - 2	
	address		child			
	We all have the right to		love			
	feel safe all the time		teenager			
	We can talk with		care			
	someone even if it feels		adult			
	awful or small		tummy			
	We use the correct body		grow			
	part names		womb			
	Early warning signs		pregnancy			
	Network		families of different			
	Safe		beliefs			
	Unsafe		adoption			
	Feelings		private parts:			
	My body		penis			
	Private Private a arte		vulva			
	Private parts		testicles			
	Secrets		vagina			

	Safe secrets Unsafe secrets Tell Network review Canal Water Safety Lake River Risk Danger Hazard Edge Think Stop Look Listen Wait Arrive Green cross code Vigilant Community Alert Road		my body is mine (body autonomy) dolls and cars are for everyone (gender stereotyping one parent families same sex families			
Subject Knowledge Process Knowledge or key skills	Talk about how to keep their bodies healthy and safe. Name ways to stay safe around medicines. Know how to stay safe in their home, classroom and outside. Know age-appropriate ways to stay safe online. Name adults in their lives and those in their community who keep them safe.	Talk about similarities and differences. Name special people in their lives. Describe different feelings. Identify ways to help others or themselves if they are sad or worried. Name ways to stay safe around medicines.	Understand that there are changes in nature and humans. Name the different stages in childhood and growing up. Understand that babies are made by a man and a woman. Use the correct vocabulary when naming the different parts of the body. Know how to keep themselves safe.	Be sensitive towards others and celebrate what makes each person unique. Recognise that we can have things in common with others. Use speaking and listening skills to learn about the lives of their peers. Know the importance of showing care and kindness towards others.	Understand that they can make a difference. Identify how they can care for their home, school and special people. Talk about how they can make an impact on the natural world. Talk about similarities and differences between themselves.	Feel resilient and confident in their learning. Name and discuss different types of feelings and emotions. Learn and use strategies or skills in approaching challenges. Understand that they can make healthy choices.

	Identify who can help if they are sad, worried or scared.			Demonstrate skills in building friendships and cooperation.	Demonstrate building relationships with friends.	Name and recognise how healthy choices can keep us well.
	Keeping Safe	Me and My Relationships	Growing and Changing	Valuing Difference	Rights and Respect	Being my Best
Year 1 *Online Safety: Taught	Week 1: School rules and <b>zones of</b> Regulation/talk	Anti-Bullying Week SCARF Lesson: Unkind, tease or	Healthy me Taking care of a	Same or different? * Our special	Harold's wash and brush up	l can eat a rainbow Eat well
through Kapow lessons	through display SCARF lesson to support this: Why we	<b>bully?</b> How are you listening?	baby Then and now	people balloons Who are our	Around and about the school	Catch it! Bin it! Kill it!
*Please review networks half termly*	have classroom rules *	Thinking about	Who can help? (2)	special people? *	Taking care of something *	Super sleep
	Week 2: Growth Mindset (see resources on shared)	feelings Our feelings	Harold loses Geoffrey	It's not fair! *	Harold's money How should we look after our	Inside my wonderful body
	Weeks 3-7: Introduction to Protective Behaviours	Feelings and bodies Good friends			money? Pass on the	Last PSHE lesson: Growth Mindset: SCARF Lesson:
	Week 8: First Aid: Basic First Aid	Good menas			praise!	Harold learns to ride his bike
	EXTRA lessons: Road safety and water				Harold has a bad day	
	safety lessons (see resources on shared)				SCARF Visit: My wonderful body (or teacher preference)	
Vocabulary Builder	Rules Listening sleep feelings	feelings body language responsibility emotions	energy change caring food	same unkind rules different	behaviour environment needs consequences	starchy healthy hygiene germs
	private consent rest	work together safe support	growing love water	unkindness safe difference	responsibility responsible special person	dairy fruit routine



worried	feelings	size	tease	promise	disease
trust	hurt	attention	fair	rules	protein
safe	friendship	air	respect	money	vegetables
entertainment	behaviour	height	fair	cost	clean
grow	help	needs	special people	bank	hygiene
nervous	making up	oxygen	unfair	bills	fruit
privates	feelings	needs	qualities	coin	dairy
donating	heal	exercise	kind	spending	spread
tired	teasing	help	feelings	note	vegetables
scared	bully	sleep	unkind	afford	meat
risks	bullying	healthy	bullying	worth	vitamins
support	behaviour	unkind	family	saving	sugar
harmful		surprise	special people	0	portion
unsafe		unkindness			salt
medicine		secret			cereal
feelings		tease			learning
safe		uncomfortable			praise
emotions		teasing			organ
harmful		witness			practice
loss		experience			support
responsibility		penis			heart
lost		vulva			make mistakes
risk		hygiene			feedback
accident		help			lungs
danger		change			confidence
hazard		sore			encourage
kettle		doctor			intestines
safe		private places			achievement
burn		my body is mine			feelings
scald		(body autonomy)			brain
emergency					stomach
privates					oxygen
private					digested
We all have the right to					dairy
feel safe all the time					fruit
We can talk with					vegetables
someone even if it feels					sugar
awful or small					salt
					cereal

	May use the correct body					moot
	We use the correct body					meat
	part names					
	Early warning signs					
	Network					
	Safe					
	Unsafe					
	Feelings					
	My body					
	Private					
	Private parts					
	Secrets					
	Safe secrets					
	Unsafe secrets					
	Tell					
	Network review					
	Canal					
	Water					
	Safety					
	Lake					
	River					
	Risk					
	Danger					
	Hazard					
	Edge					
	Think					
	Stop					
	Look					
	Listen					
	Wait					
	Arrive					
	Green cross code					
	Vigilant					
	Community					
	Alert					
	Road					
Subject Knowledge	Understand that classroom	Identify a range of feelings; Identify how feelings might	Name major internal body	Identify the differences	Recognise the	Recognise the
	rules help everyone to learn	Identify how feelings might make us behave:	parts (heart, lungs, blood,	and similarities	importance of regular	importance of fruit and
	and be safe;	make us benave:	stomach,	between people;	hygiene routines;	

Process Knowledge or	Explain their classroom rules	Suggest strategies for	intestines, brain);	Empathise with those	Sequence personal	vegetables in their daily
key skills	and be able to contribute to	someone experiencing 'not	Understand and explain	who are different from	hygiene routines into a	diet;
Key Skills	making these.	so good' feelings to manage	the simple bodily	them;	logical order.	Know that eating at least
	Recognise emotions and	these.	processes associated	Begin to appreciate the	Identify what they like	five portions of
	physical feelings associated	Recognise that people's	with them.	positive aspects of these differences.	about the school	vegetables and fruit a
	with feeling unsafe; Identify people who can help	bodies and feelings can be hurt:	Understand some of the tasks required to look after	Identify some of the	environment; Recognise who cares	day helps to maintain health.
	them when they feel unsafe.	Suggest ways of dealing	a baby:	people who are special	for and looks after the	Recognise that they may
	Recognise the range of	with different kinds of hurt.	Explain how to meet the	to them:	school environment.	have different tastes in
	Understand that medicines	Recognise that they belong	basic needs of a baby, for	Recognise and name	Demonstrate	food to others;
	can sometimes make people	to various groups and	example, eye contact,	some of the qualities	responsibility in looking	Select foods from the
	feel better when they're ill;	communities such as their	cuddling, washing,	that make a person	after something (e.g.	Eatwell Guide (formerly
	Explain simple issues of safety	family;	changing, feeding.	special to them.	a class pet or plant);	Eatwell Plate) in order
	and responsibility about	Explain how these people	Identify things they could	Recognise and explain	Explain the importance	to make a healthy lunch;
	medicines and their use.	help us and we can also	do as a baby, a toddler	what is fair and unfair,	of looking after things	Recognise which foods
	Name and know which parts	help them to help us.	and can do now;	kind and unkind;	that belong to	we need to eat more of
	should be private;	Identify simple qualities of	Identify the people who	Suggest ways they can	themselves or to	and which we need
	Explain the difference between	friendship;	help/helped them at those	show kindness to	others.	to eat less of to be
	appropriate and inappropriate touch;	Suggest simple strategies	different stages. Explain the difference	others.	Explain where people	healthy. Understand how
	Understand that they have the	for making up. Demonstrate attentive	between a secret and a		get money from; List some of the things	diseases can spread;
	right to say "no" to unwanted	listening skills;	nice surprise;		that money may be	Recognise and use
	touch;	Suggest simple strategies	Identify situations as being		spent on in a family	simple strategies for
	Start thinking about who they	for resolving conflict	secrets or surprises;		home.	preventing the spread of
	trust and who they can ask for	situations;	Identify who they can talk		Recognise that	diseases.
	help.	Give and receive positive	to if they feel		different notes and	Recognise that learning
	Recognise how others might	feedback, and experience	uncomfortable about any		coins have different	a new skill requires
	be feeling by reading body	how this makes them feel.	secret they are told, or told		monetary value;	practice and the
	language/facial expressions;	Explain the difference	to keep.		Explain the importance	opportunity to fail, safely;
	Understand and explain how	between teasing and	Identify parts of the body		of keeping money safe;	Understand the learning
	our emotions can give a	bullying;	that are private;		Identify safe places to	line's use as a simple
	physical reaction in our body	Give examples of what they	Describe ways in which		keep money;	tool to describe the
	(e.g. butterflies in the tummy	can do if they experience or	private parts can be kept		Understand the	learning process,
	etc.)	witness bullvina:	private; Identify people they can talk to about their		concept of 'saving money' (i.e. by keeping	including overcoming challenges.
		Say who they could get help	private parts.		it in a safe placed and	Demonstrate attentive
		from in a bullying situation.	pilvate parts.		adding to it).	listening skills;
		nom in a bailying oldadion.				Suggest simple
						strategies for resolving
						conflict situations;
						Give and receive positive
						feedback, and
						experience how this
						makes them feel.
						Recognise how a
						person's behaviour
						(including their own) can
						affect other people

	Keeping Safe	Me and My	Growing and	Valuing	Rights and	Being my Best
		Relationships	Changing	Difference	Respect	
Year 2	Week 1: School rules	Anti-Bullying Week:	Haven't you grown!	What makes us	Zones of	Zones of
	and <b>zones of</b>	SCARF lesson:		who we are? *	Regulation which	Regulation which
*Online Safety: Taught	Regulation/talk	Types of bullying	My day		will include the	will include the
through Kapow lessons	through display	/Bullying or teasing?		A helping hand	following skills:	following skills:
	SCARF lesson to		Harold's postcard			
*Please review networks	support this: Our ideal	Being a good friend	helping us to keep	Sam moves away	How are you	Recognising my
	classroom *		clean and healthy		feeling today?	own and others'
half termly*		Getting on with others		Harold saves for		feelings
	Week 2: Growth	*	Harold's bathroom	something special	How do we make	
	Mindset (see resources	My special people			others feel?	When I feel like
	on shared)		My body needs			erupting
		An act of kindness *			Solve the problem	
	Weeks 3-7: Introduction					Last PSHE lesson:
	to Protective Behaviours	When someone is			SCARF Visit:	Growth Mindset:
		feeling left out *			Feelings (or	SCARF lesson:
	Week 8: First Aid:				teacher	You can do it!
	Harold's picnic	First Aid- Basic first aid			preference)	
	EXTRA lessons: Road safety and water safety lessons (see resources on shared)					
Vocabulary Builder	Rules	feelings	change	unique	Feelings	Feelings
	sleep	showing feelings	growing	special people	Showing feelings	Control
	safe	caring	support	feelings	Help	Erupt
	medicines	help	food	respect	Behaviour	Practice
	unsafe	friendly	feelings	help	Calm	Encourage
	safety	bullying	penis	support	Aggressive	Goal
	feelings	friendship	emotions	supportive	Solve	Achieve
	worried	repeated	sleep	change	Listening	Challenge
	getting help	help	testicles	loss	Being listened to	
	touch	teasing	care	emotions	Problem	
	surprise	don't do that	vulva	frightened		
	feelings	regular	nipples	nervous		
	hurt	first aid	change	money		

secret	t	risk	private parts	spending	
		accident	forward looking	saving	
tell		danger	my body is mine	5	
sleep		hazard	(body autonomy)		
medic		kettle	making choices		
safety		safe	asking permission		
help		burn	womb		
ask fo		scald	private		
		accident	privacy		
		emergency	consent		
		responsibility	permission		
		share	pregnancy		
		help	choices		
		take turns	healthy		
part na		listen	unhealthy		
		special	injection		
Netwo		kind	disease		
Safe		kindness	achieve		
Unsafe		unkind	hygiene		
Feelin		feelings	germs		
My bo		cooperate	teeth		
Private		cooperate	brain		
	te parts		oxygen		
Secret			dental		
	secrets		heart		
	fe secrets		hygiene		
Tell					
	ork review		lungs food		
			stomach		
Safe p Canal					
Water			exercise		
			rest		
Safety	y		food		
Lake			water		
River					
Risk					
Dange					
Hazar	rd				
Edge					
Think					

	Stop Look Listen Wait Arrive Green cross code Vigilant Community Alert Road					
Subject Knowledge Process Knowledge or key skills	Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom; Make and undertake pledges based on those actions. Take part in creating and agreeing classroom rules Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Identify situations in which they would feel safe or unsafe; Suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help. Identify situations in which they would need to say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe. Identify the types of touch they like and do not like; Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting; Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them;	Use a range of words to describe feelings; Recognise that people have different ways of expressing their feelings; Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings. Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; Identify situations as to whether they are incidents of teasing or bullying. Understand and describe strategies for dealing with bullying: Rehearse and demonstrate some of these strategies. Explain the difference between bullying and isolated unkind behaviour; Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour; Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour; Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship;	Demonstrate simple ways of giving positive feedback to others. Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with losing (and being reunited) with a person they are close to. Identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child,teenager, adult); Understand and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages. Identify which parts of the human body are private; Explain that a person's genitals help them to make babies when they are grown up; Understand that humans mostly have the same body parts but that they can look different from person to person. Explain what privacy means; Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission;	Identify some of the physical and non- physical differences and similarities between people; Know and use words and phrases that show respect for other people. Identify people who are special to them; Explain some of the ways those people are special to them. Recognise and explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people. Explain how it feels to be part of a group; Explain how it feels to be left out from a group; Identify groups they are part of; Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out. Recognise and describe acts of kindness and unkindness; Explain how these impact on other people's feelings;	Describe and record strategies for getting on with others in the classroom. Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour. Identify special people in the school and community who can help to keep them safe; Know how to ask for help. Identify what they like about the school environment; Identify any problems with the school environment (e.g. things needing repair); Make suggestions for improving the school environment; Recognise that they all have a responsibility for helping to look after the school environment. Understand that people have choices about what they do with their money;	Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process; Help themselves and others develop a positive attitude that support their wellbeing; Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its positive mindset strategies to their own learning. Understand and give examples of things they can choose themselves and things that others choose for them; Explain things that they like and dislike, and understand and explain that some choices can be either healthy or unhealthy and can make a difference to their own health. Explain how germs can be spread;

	Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets; Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable. Identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel; Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets that are nice surprises; Explain that if someone is being touched in a way that they don't like they have to tell someone in their safety network so they can help it stop.	Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness); Explain where someone could get help.	Give examples of different types of private information.	Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others; Show acts of kindness to others in school. Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making positive noises, not being distracted); Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships.	Know that money can be saved for a use at a future time; Explain how they might feel when they spend money on different things. Recognise that money can be spent on items which are essential or non-essential; Know that money can be saved for a future time and understand the reasons why people (including themselves) might do this.	Describe simple hygiene routines such as hand washing; Understand that vaccinations can help to prevent certain illnesses. Explain the importance of good dental hygiene; Describe simple dental hygiene routines. Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen; Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, brain); Recognise that body language and facial expression can give clues as to how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation; Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.
	Keeping Safe	Me and My	Growing and	Valuing	Rights and	Being my Best
Year 3	Week 1: School rules	Relationships	Changing My changing body	Difference Family and	Respect Our helpful	Derek cooks
i cai s	and zones of	SCARF Lesson: Let's	ing changing bouy	friends *	volunteers	dinner! (healthy
	Regulation	celebrate our	My special pet			eating)
*Online Safety: Taught		differences **		My community	Helping each	
through Kapow lessons	Week 2: Growth	Zanao of Derivlation	Looking after our	Respect and	other to stay safe	Poorly Harold
	Mindset (see resources on shared)	Zones of Regulation which will include the	special people	challenge	Recount task	For or against?
*Please review networks		following skills:	Dan's dare	Our friends and		Body team work
half termly*	Weeks 3-7: Introduction	Ŭ		neighbours *		
	to Protective Behaviours	As a rule *	Friends are special			I am fantastic! *

	EXTRA lessons: Road safety and water safety lessons (see resources on shared) WL teach Zones of Regulation weekly (2 PSHE lessons a week)	How can we solve this problem? Thunks First Aid lesson 1: Help or harm?		Zeb * First Aid lesson 2: Basic first aid	Harold's environment project Can Harold afford it? Earning money Let's have a tidy up SCARF Visit: Meet the Brain (or teacher preference)	Getting on with your nerves! Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts Last PSHE lesson: Growth Mindset: SCARF lesson: Top talents!
Vocabulary Builder	rules trust danger (dangerous) risk safe risk (risky) safer unsafe feelings consequence unsafe stop secret body space private surprise trust uncomfortable scared excited worried	First aid Kettle Burn Danger Accident Risk Emergency Hazard Similarities Differences Name calling Bullying Rules Safety Conflict Point of view Continuum Opinions Respectful Courteous Challenging	Relationships positive healthy caring angry respect upset touch jealous talk egg sperm puberty period ovary fallopian tube uterus (womb) lining vagina scald	feelings community belonging similarities differences respect identity respect family cooperation adoption listening skills fostering politeness same-sex couple courtesy blended family manners similarities prejudice differences	helper fact safe helper responsible healthy fact opinion volunteer income earning environment saving waste environment spending	balanced diet infection intestine proteins cleanliness vessels muscles hygiene veins dairy rest arteries teeth sleep lungs bones water liver starchy carbohydrates medicine

We all have the right to	friendship	period/menstruation	disability	energy
feel safe all the time	conflict	pad	identity	drug
We can talk with	cooperate	accident	gender	fruit & veg
someone even if it feels	strategies	tampon	respect	dose
awful or small	responsibility	emergency	race	healthy
We use the correct body	responsionity	breasts	colour	safety
part names		genitals	sexuality	instructions
Early warning signs		testicles	Sexuality	debate
Network		womb		goals
Safe		penis		goal-setting
Unsafe		mammals		collaboration
Feelings		fertilise		discussion
My body		birth		ambitions
Private		hips		talents
		periods		
Private parts Secrets		spots		cooperation continuum
Safe secrets		sweat		
Unsafe secrets				improve skills
Tell		pubic hair		teamwork
Network review		cervix		
		menstrual cycle fertilise		courteous
Responsibility				achieve
Right		menstruation		intelligence
Canal		pregnant		respectful
Water		fertilised egg		justify
Safety		responsibility		medicines
Lake		care		risk
River		loss		decisions
Risk		compromise		drugs
Danger		falling out		risks
Hazard		friendships		harmful
Edge		making up		cigarettes
Think		date		strategies
Stop		persuade		helpful
Look		feelings		nicotine
Listen		strategies		alcohol
Wait		point of view		
Arrive		calm		
Green cross code		apologise		
Vigilant		listen		

	Community Alert Road					
Subject Knowledge Process Knowledge or key skills	Identify situations which are safe or unsafe; Identify people who can help if a situation is unsafe; Suggest strategies for keeping safe. Define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two; Demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation. Identify risk factors in given situations; Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks. Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this happens; Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks; Understand and explain decision-making skills; Understand where to get help from when making decisions. Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful.	Explain some of the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them; Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation. Define and demonstrate cooperation and collaboration; Identify the different skills that people can bring to a group task; Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success. Identify people who they have a special relationship with; Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people. Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations. Explain what a dare is; Understand that no-one has the right to force them to do a dare; Suggest strategies to use if they are ever made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone asking them to do a dare. Express opinions and listen to those of others; Consider others' points of view;	Identify different types of relationships; Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with. Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space); Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to allow someone into their body space; Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in their body space. Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm; Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm; Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.	Recognise that there are many different types of family; Understand what is meant by 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'same- sex relationships.' Define the term 'community'; Identify the different communities that they belong to; Recognise the benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to mental health and wellbeing. Reflect on listening skills; Give examples of respectful language; Give examples of respectful language; Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully. Explain that people living in the UK have different origins; Identify similarities and differences between a diverse range of people from varying national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds; Identity some of the qualities that people from a diverse range of backgrounds need in order to get on together.	Define what a volunteer is; Identify people who are volunteers in the school community; Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer. Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy; Suggest ways they can help these people. Understand the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion'; Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints; Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language. Define what is meant by the environment; Evaluate and explain different methods of looking after the school environment; Devise methods of promoting their priority method. Understand the terms 'income', 'saving' and 'spending';	Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) benefits the body; Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet'; Give examples what foods might make up a healthy balanced meal. Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another; Explain how simple hygiene routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses; Suggest medical and non-medical ways of treating an illness. Develop skills in discussion and debating an issue; Demonstrate their understanding of health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them; Empathise with different view points; Make recommendations, based on their research. Identify their achievements and areas of development; Recognise that people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves; Explain why some groups of people are not represented as much on

	Practise explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions. Identify qualities of friendship; Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out; Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again.	Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other; Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying; Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult). Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are bullied; Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is. Recognise that there are times we can bu items we want and times when we need to save for iten Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food furniture, electricity etc.) Explain that people earn their income through their jobs; Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skil experience, training, responsibility etc.)	<ul> <li>Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success; Understand and explain how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves. Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, liver, brain); Identify some key risks from and effects of</li> </ul>
--	--	---	--

	Keeping Safe	Me and My	Growing and	Valuing	Rights and	Being my Best
		Relationships	Changing	Difference	Respect	
Year 4 *Online Safety: Taught through Kapow lessons *Please review networks half termly*	Week 1- School rules and zones of Regulation/ SCARF lessons: Different feelings * How do we make a difference? Week 2-Growth Mindset: See resource folder Weeks 3-7- Introduction to Protective behaviours Week 8- First Aid lesson 1: Medicines: check the label EXTRA lessons: Road safety and water safety lessons (see resources on shared)	Anti- Bullying Week: SCARF lesson: Under pressure Ok or not ok? (part 1) Ok or not ok? (part 2) Who helps us stay healthy and safe? Friend or acquaintance? What would I do? * Basic first aid	All change! My feelings are all over the place! Together * Preparing for changes at puberty SCARF Hotel	Logo quiz – environment That is such a stereotype! Danger, risk or hazard? Know the norms Harold's expenses/ Why pay taxes?	Peacemakers         which will include         the following skills:         Safety in         numbers         Can you sort it? *         Human machines         How dare you!         SCARF Visit:         It's         great to be me (or         teacher         preference)	Peacemakers which will include the following skills: Making choices Harold's Seven Rs My school community Last PSHE lesson: Growth Mindset: SCARF lesson: What makes me ME!
Vocabulary Builder	Safe Unsafe Body space Choices Rules facial expressions body language Secret Sad scared frightened petrified terrified	Unkind Tease Bully Unkind Pressure collaborate positive, healthy relationship friendly collaboration respect qualities excluded	learning line compromise puberty practice hormones pubic hair eggs feelings sperm independence penis conflict testicles	Environment Conservation negotiation similarities stereotype sharing compromise apologise differences acquaintances body space invade respect	Anti-social behaviour Witness Negotiation Compromise Collaborate Collaboration Team work Collaborative Consequences	Choices Individual Unique balanced diet refuse unique reduce re-use rot recycle repair re-think community

bothered	rude	breasts	danger	volunteer
unhappy	aggressive	ovaries	dangerous	connect
pressure	teamwork	womb	risk	be active
devastated	consequences	vagina	hazard	healthy
independent	face-to-face	vulva	hazardous	5
miserable	assertive	clitoris	choices	
distressed	compromise	labia	social norm	
lonely	negotiate	semen	expenditure	
alone	friendly	legal age of consent	respectful	
ignored	aggressive	marriage	essential	
isolated	respectful	endometrium (uterus	courteous	
Physical effects	being responsible	lining)	income tax	
Surprise	reliable	foetus	national insurance	
Feelings	trustworthy	headache	VAT	
Uncomfortable feelings	sharing	stomach ache	deductions	
danger	apologise	cramps	public services	
persevere	first aid	puberty	democracy	
dangerous	minor	menstrual cycle	trustworthy	
assertive	injury	eggs	rules	
risk	accident	periods	laws	
risky		menstruation	rights	
hazard	emergency blood	period/menstruation	responsibility	
hazardous	nose bleed		United Nations	
medicine	choking	pad		
	0	tampons	income	
We all have the right to	breathing	testicles		
feel safe all the time We can talk with	airway	sperm		
	unresponsive	semen		
someone even if it feels	casualty	hips		
awful or small	burn	periods		
We use the correct body	wound	spots		
part names	recovery	sweat		
Early warning signs	scald	genitals		
Network		pubic hair		
Safe		voice deepens		
Unsafe		testicles		
Feelings		ovaries		
My body		penis		
Private		breasts		
Private parts		vagina		

	Secrets Safe secrets Unsafe secrets Tell Network review Responsibility Right Canal Water Safety Lake River Risk Danger Hazard Edge Think Stop Look Listen Wait Arrive Green cross code Vigilant Community Alert Road		fallopian tube cervix lining of the uterus pads wellbeing balanced diet mental health			
Subject Knowledge Process Knowledge or key skills	Understand that medicines are drugs; Explain safety issues for medicine use; Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell; Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines). Describe stages of identifying and managing risk;	Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state; Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings. Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'; Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others.	Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives; Explain how the Learning Line can be used as a tool to help them manage change more easily; Suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change.	Define the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise. Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body	Explain how different people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe; Define what is meant by 'being responsible'; Describe the various responsibilities of those who help them stay healthy and safe;	Identify ways in which everyone is unique; Appreciate their own uniqueness; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times when they will choose differently. Give examples of choices they make for themselves and choices

			1		
Suggest people they can ask	Recognise that there are	Name some positive and	space;	Suggest ways they can	others make for them;
for help in managing risk.	times when they might need	negative feelings;	Recognise how others'	help the people who	Recognise that there are
Understand that we can be	to say 'no' to a friend;	Understand how the onset	non-verbal signals	keep them healthy and	times when they will
influenced both positively and	Describe appropriate	of puberty can have	indicate how they feel	safe.	make the same
negatively; Give examples of	assertive strategies for	emotional as well	when people are close	Understand that	choices as their friends
some of the consequences of	saying 'no' to a friend.	as physical impact	to their body space;	humans have rights	and times when they will
behaving in an unacceptable,	Demonstrate strategies for	Suggest reasons why	Suggest people they	and also	choose differently.
unhealthy or risky way.	working on a collaborative	young people sometimes	can talk to if they feel	responsibilities;	Understand that the body
	task;	fall out with their	uncomfortable with	Identify some rights	gets energy from food,
	Define successful qualities	parents;	other people's actions	and also	water and oxygen
	of teamwork and	Take part in a role play	towards them.	responsibilities that	and that exercise and
	collaboration.	practising how to	Recognise that they	comewith these.	sleep are important to
	Identify a wide range of	compromise.	have different types of	Understand the reason	our health:
	feelings;	Identify parts of the body	relationships with	we have rules; Suggest	Plan a menu which gives
	Recognise that different	that males and females	people	and engage with ways	a healthy balanced of
	people can have different	have in common	they know (e.g. close	that they can contribute	foods from across
	feelings	and those that are	family, wider family,	to	the food groups on the
	in the same situation;	different: Know the correct	friends.	the decision-making	Eatwell Guide (formerly
	Explain how feelings can be	terminology for their	acquaintances);	process in school (e.g.	Eatwell Plate).
	linked to physical state.	genitalia;	Give examples of	through pupil	Understand the ways in
	Demonstrate a range of	Understand and explain	features of these	voice/school council);	which they can
	feelings through their facial	why puberty happens.	different types of	Recognise that	contribute to the care of
	expressions and body	Know the key facts of the	relationships,	everyone can make a	the
	language;	menstrual cycle;	including how they	difference within a	environment (using some
	Recognise that their feelings	Understand that periods	influence what is	democratic process.	or all of the seven Rs);
	might change towards	are a normal part of	shared.	Define the word	Define what is meant by
	someone or something once	puberty for girls;	List some of the ways	influence;	the word 'dare';
	they have further	Identify some of the ways	that people are different	Recognise that reports	Identify from given
	information.	to cope better with	to each other	in the media can	scenarios which are
	Give examples of strategies	periods.	(including differences of	influence the way	dares and which are not;
	to respond to being bullied,	Define the terms 'secret'	race, gender, religion);	they think about a	Suggest strategies for
	including what people can	and 'surprise' and know	Recognise potential	topic;	managing dares
	do and say;	the difference	consequences of	Form and present their	Suggest ways the Seven
	Understand and give	between a safe and an	aggressive behaviour;	own opinions based on	Rs recycling methods
	examples of who or where	unsafe secret;	Suggest strategies for	factual	can be applied to
	pressure	Recognise how different	dealing with someone	information and	different scenarios.
	to behave in an unhealthy,	surprises and secrets	who is behaving	express or present	Define what is meant by
	unacceptable or risky way	might make them	aggressively.	these in a respectful	the word 'community';
	might come from.	feel:	List some of the ways	and courteous manner.	Suggest ways in which
	<b>U</b>	Know who they could ask	in which people are	Explain the role of the	different people support
		for help if a secret made	different to each other	bystander and how it	the school
		them feel	(including ethnicity,	can influence	community;
		uncomfortable or unsafe.	gender, religious	bullying or other anti-	Identify qualities and
		Understand that marriage	beliefs, customs and	social behaviour;	attributes of people who
		is a commitment to be	festivals);	Recognise that they	support the school
		entered into	Define the word <i>respect</i>	can play a role in	community. Understand
		freely and not against	and demonstrate ways	influencing	some of the key risks
		someone's will;	of showing respect to	1	

		Recognise that marriage includes same sex and opposite sex partners; Know the legal age for marriage in England or Scotland; Discuss the reasons why a person would want to be married, or live together, or have a civil ceremony.	others' differences. Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.	outcomes of situations by their actions. Understand some of the ways that various national and international environmental organisations work to help take care of the environment; Understand and explain the value of this work. Define the terms 'income' and 'expenditure'; List some of the items and services of expenditure in the school and in the home; Prioritise items of expenditure in the school and in the home from most essential. Explain what is meant by the terms 'income tax', 'National Insurance' and 'VAT'; Understand how a payslip is laid out showing both pay and deductions; Prioritise public services from most essential.	and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol; Understand that increasing numbers of young people are choosing not to smoke and that not all people drink alcohol (Social Norms theory).
--	--	--	--	--	---

	Keeping Safe	Me and My Relationships	Growing and Changing	Valuing Difference	Rights and Respect	Being my Best
Year 5 *Online Safety: Taught through Kapow lessons *Please review networks half termly*	Week 1: School rules and zones of Regulation/talk through the display. SCARF lesson: How are they feeling?Weeks 2-5: Introduction to Protective behavioursEXTRA lessons: Road safety and water safety lessons (see resources on shared)3 lessons on peer mediation Which will include the following skills:	Me and My Relationships First Aid lesson: Basic first aid including sepsis Anti-bullying Week: SCARF lesson: Spot bullying Stop, start, stereotypes * Relationship cake recipe Being assertive Our emotional needs	Growing and Changing Growing up and changing bodies Changing bodies and feelings Dear Hetty Qualities of friendship Happy being me *	Valuing Difference What's the story? Fact or opinion? Rights, respect and duties Mo makes a difference Spending wisely	RespectLend us a fiver!Local councilsThunking' abouthabitsWould you riskit?Vaping- healthy or unhealthy?Drugs: true or false?Smoking: what is normal?	Being my Best         It all adds up!         My school         community (2)         Independence and         responsibility         Ella's diary         dilemma         Star qualities?         Last PSHE lesson:         Growth Mindset:         SCARF lesson:         Different skills
Vocabulary Builder	Growth mindset Give and take Collaboration Challenge! How good a friend are you? Wellbeing	Life skill	puberty	responsibility	SCARF Visit: Friends (or teacher preference)	organs
	Resilience collaborate negotiation compromise conflict resolution insensitive	Sepsis prejudice biological sex sexual orientation gender identity gender expression verbal abuse	genitalia semen menstruation period period/menstruation pads tampon	fact voluntary group rights costs opinion community group wages	public services loan council credit vote debit elections	perseverance community body systems commitment school community resilience determination

sensitive	physical abuse	managing feelings	biased	interest	patience
We all have the right to	unhealthy relationship	pubic hair	pressure (action)	councillors	interpersonal skills
feel safe all the time	verbal abuse	clitoris	group	substance	independence
We can talk with	physical abuse	vulva	duties	risk taking	personal qualities
someone even if it feels	sexual abuse	vaginal opening	salaries	habit	responsibility
awful or small	uncomfortable	urinary opening	unbiased	drugs	celebrities
We use the correct body	touching	lips (labia)	rent	stimulant	dare
part names	unsafe	penis	Fair Trade	assertive	pressure
Early warning signs	bullying	menstruation cup		addiction	resist pressure
Network	prejudice	period protection		cigarettes	
Safe	biological sex	sweat		alcohol	
Unsafe	sexual orientation	washing		norms	
Feelings	gender identity	body confidence		perception	
My body	gender expression	emotions			
Private	verbal abuse	spots			
Private parts	physical abuse	hair removal			
Secrets	emotions	body autonomy			
Safe secrets	emotional needs	vaginal discharge			
Unsafe secrets	assertive	involuntary erections			
Tell	passive	wet dreams			
Network review	aggressive	body odour			
Responsibility		hormones			
Right		hydration			
Confidentiality		exercise			
Canal		sleep			
Water		breast development			
Safety		hips widen			
Lake		height gain			
River		periods			
Risk		pubic hair			
Danger Hazard		menstruation			
Edge		genitalia deodorant			
Eage Think					
Stop		shower gel tissues			
Look		washing powder			
Listen		spot cream			
Wait		facial wash			
Arrive		period products			
AIIIVG					

Green cross code Vigilant Community Alert Road		separation fostered friendships talking listening excluded discrimination prejudice			
Recognise that there are positive and negative risks; Explain how to weigh up risk factors when making a decision; Describe some of the possible outcomes of taking a risk. Explain why someone might give a dare; Suggest ways of standing up to someone who gives a dare. Recognise which situations are risky; Explore and share their views about decision making when faced with a risky situation; Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation. Understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely.	Explain what collaboration means; Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively; Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively. Explain what is meant by the terms negotiation and compromise; Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or situations. Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in others; Give examples of some key qualities of friendship; Reflect on their own friendship qualities. Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy; Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy; Identify characteristics of passive, aggressive and assertive behaviours; Understand and rehearse assertiveness skills. Recognise basic emotional needs, understand that they change according to circumstance; Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking	Use a range of words and phrases to describe the intensity of different feelings Distinguish between good and not so good feelings, using appropriate vocabulary to describe these; Explain strategies they can use to build resilience. Identify people who can be trusted; Understand what kinds of touch are acceptable or unacceptable; Describe strategies for dealing with situations in which they would feel uncomfortable, particularly in relation to inappropriate touch. Explain how someone might feel when they are separated from someone or something they like; Suggest ways to help someone who is separated from someone or something they like. Know the correct words for the external sexual organs; Discuss some of the myths associated with puberty.	Define some key qualities of friendship; Describe ways of making a friendship last; Explain why friendships sometimes end. Rehearse active listening skills: Demonstrate respectfulness in responding to others; Respond appropriately to others. Develop an understanding of discrimination and its injustice, and describe this using examples; Empathise with people who have been, and currently are, subjected to injustice, including through racism; Consider how discriminatory behaviour can be challenged. Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/other parts of the UK;	Identify, write and discuss issues currently in the media concerning health and wellbeing; Express their opinions on an issue concerning health and wellbeing; Make recommendations on an issue concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion; Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion; Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read. Define the differences between responsibilities, rights and duties; Discuss what can make them difficult to follow; Identify the impact on individuals and the wider community if responsibilities are not carried out.	Know two harmful effects each of smoking/drinking alcohol. Explain the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are inter-related. Explain the function of at least one internal organ. Understand the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Identify their own strengths and talents; Identify areas that need improvement and describe strategies for achieving those improvements. State what is meant by community; Explain what being part of a school community means to them;

or other scenarios) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks. Understand that online communication can be misinterpreted; Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online as well as face-to-face.	Identify some products that they may need during puberty and why; Know what menstruation is and why it happens. Recognise how our body feels when we're relaxed; List some of the ways our body feels when it is nervous or sad; Describe and/or demonstrate how to be resilient in order to find someone who will listen to you. Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others; Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way. Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe. Recognise that some people can get bullied because of the way they express their gender; Give examples of how bullying behaviours can be stopped.	Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this. Understand that the information we see online, either text or images, is not always true or accurate; Recognise that some people post things online about themselves that aren't true, sometimes this is so that people will like them; Understand and explain the difference between sex, gender identity, gender expression and sexual orientation. Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others; Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way.	Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group; Give examples of voluntary groups, the kind of work they do and its value. Define the terms loan, credit, debt and interest; Suggest advice for a range of situations involving personal finance. Explain some of the areas that local councils have responsibility for; Understand that local councillors are elected to represent their local community.	Suggest ways of improving the school community. Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; Identify ways that they can help these people. Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media; Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks; Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life; Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have. Explain what a habit is, giving examples; Describe why and how a habit can be hard to change. Understand some of the complexities of categorising drugs; Know that all medicines are drugs but not all
				are drugs but not all drugs are medicines;

	Keeping Safe	Me and My	Growing and	Valuing	Rights and	Being my Best
		Relationships	Changing	Difference	Respect	
Year 6	LE teach: Week 1- School rules and zones of Regulation	LE teach: Anti-Bullying Week: SCARF Lesson: OK to be different	LE teach: I look great! Is this normal? *	WL teach: Pre SAT's whole class: We have more in	LE teach: What's it worth? Jobs and taxes	LE teach: What's the risk? (1) What's the risk?
*Online Safety: Taught through Kapow lessons	Week 2-Growth Mindset: See resource folder	Don't force me! *	Making babies * Media Manipulation *	common than not Respecting differences Tolerance and	Happy shoppers – caring for the environment	(2) What sort of drug is? Drugs: it's the law!
*Please review networks half termly*	Weeks 3-7: Introduction	WL teach:		respect for others Advertising	WL teach:	Alcohol: what is normal?
	to Protective behaviours Week 8- First Aid lesson 1- Basic First Aid including Sepsis	Fantastic Elastic Brain whole class: Assertiveness skills Acting appropriately Growth mind-set	WL teach: Pre SAT's whole class: Managing change Helpful or unhelpful? Anxiety Ways of managing	friendships! Boys will be boys? - challenging gender stereotypes	Transition whole class: Wellbeing Feelings Friendships	Rat Park WL teach: Transition whole class:
	EXTRA lessons: Road safety and water safety lessons (see resources on shared)	How the brain helps you learn Feelings Physical movement Exercise	stress and anxiety Mental health Growth mind-set Sleep Healthy eating		Recognising others feelings Role models Relationships	*Growth mind-set lesson is taught by WL
	Nurse visit – Vaping lesson	Helping you to learn	Exercise			
	School Elections: Democracy in Britain 1 – Elections/ Democracy in Britain 2 - How (most) laws are made **					

	WL teach: 0-5 scale whole class session: Feelings Emotions Strategies to emotions				
Vocabulary Builder					
	Wellbeing We all have the right to feel safe all the time We can talk with someone even if it feels awful or small We use the correct body part names Early warning signs Network Safe Unsafe Feelings	Bystander Unique Witness Positive feedback Confidence Self-esteem Tease Bully Friendship Marriage Civil partnership Illegal Forced marriage	Body image Self esteem Manipulation Gender stereotype Stereotype puberty physical changes emotional changes rights FGM periods mood swings spots	Savings Bank Junior ISA Interest Debit card Cash Value Tax Income tax VAT Public services Environmentally sustainable	Assessing risk Weigh up Dilemma Choices Influence Drug Legal Illegal Medical Non-medical Drug law Age restrictions Possess

My body Private private parts Secrets Consafe secrets TellEmotions Emotional needs Friendship Talking Listening skills Respect ListeningNetwork review Responsibility Right Confidentiality Canal Water Safety Lake River Risk Danger Hazard Edge Think Stop Look Listen Wait Arrive Green cross code Vigilant Community Alert Road democracy election manifesto candidate voting policies voting booth ballot slipEmotions	voice deepening period products vulva identity manage emotions hormones physical changes feeling funny start to have questions about sex friends independence egg ovaries sperm testicles puberty vagina penis orgasm embryo womb sexual intercourse consensual condom surrogacy adoption IVF age of consent miscarriage conception condom consensual relationship hug feeling implant pregnancy birth health labour	Compositing Recycling Energy Materials Waste Transport Shop local Food miles Fair trade Reuse Collaborate Negotiation Compromise Conflict Resolution	Alcohol Short term effects Long term effects Risks Norms Supply Produce Penalties Habit Addiction Emotional needs Aspirations Goals Perseverance
---	--	--	---

ballot box constituencies House of Commons MP proposal debate amendments penalties enforcement majority House of Commons House of Commons House of Lords Royal Assent Red cross First aid Emergency 999 Ambulance Operator Information Serious Adult Scenario Script Role Feelings Panic Calm	muscles cervix hips widen wet dreams erections sexual intercourse loving relationship cells semen ejaculate hormones menstrual cycle ripen lining of womb mature egg ovulation fallopian tube fertilisation uterine lining period How a baby is born vocabulary Sexual orientation Gender identity Gender expression	
Script Role Feelings Panic		

1	The developed developed at 197	December (barth 811 1	Define whether the	Descention (1)	Exected as a second second	I describe a sector de la d
	Understand that all humans	Recognise that bullying and	Define what is meant by	Recognise some of the	Explain some benefits	Identify aspirational
	have basic emotional needs	discriminatory behaviour can	the term stereotype;	changes they have	of saving money;	goals;
	and explain some of the ways	result from disrespect of	Recognise how the media	experienced and their	Describe the different	Describe the actions
	these needs can be met.	people's differences;	can sometimes reinforce	emotional responses to	ways money can be	needed to set and
	Explain how these emotional	Suggest strategies for	gender stereotypes;	those changes;	saved, outlining	achieve these.
	needs impact on people's	dealing with bullying, as a	Recognise that people fall	Suggest positive	the pros and cons of	Explain what the five
	behaviour;	bystander; Describe positive	into a wide range of what	strategies for dealing	each method;	ways to wellbeing are;
	Suggest positive ways that	attributes of their peers.	is seen as normal;	with change;	Describe the costs that	Describe how the five
	people can get their emotional	Know that all people are	Challenge stereotypical	Identify people who can	go into producing an	ways to wellbeing
	need met.	unique but that we have far	gender portrayals of	support someone who	item; Suggest sale	contribute to a healthy
	Understand and give	more in	people.	is dealing with a	prices for a variety of	lifestyle, giving examples
	examples of conflicting	common with each other	Understand that people	challenging time of	items, taking into	of how they can be
	emotions;	than what is different about	can feel pressured to	change.	account a range of	implemented in
	Understand and reflect on how	us;	behave in a certain	Identify qualities that	factors;	people's lives.
	independence and	Consider how a bystander	way because of the	people have, as well as	Explain what is meant	Identify risk factors in a
	responsibility go together.	can respond to someone	influence of the peer	their looks.	by the term interest.	given situation;
	Know where someone could	being rude,	group;	Recognise basic	Recognise and explain	Understand and explain
	get support if they were	offensive or bullying	Understand the norms of	emotional needs and	that different jobs have	the outcomes of risk-
	concerned about their own or	someone else:	risk-taking behaviour and	understand that they	different levels of pay	taking in a given
	another person's safety.	Demonstrate ways of	that these are usually	change according to	and the factors that	situation, including
	Explain the difference between	offering support to someone	lower than people believe	circumstance;	influence this:	emotional risks.
	a safe and an unsafe secret;	who has been bullied .	them to be.	Suggest strategies for	Explain the different	Recognise what risk is;
	Identify situations where	Demonstrate ways of	Define the word 'puberty'	dealing assertively with	types of tax (income	Explain how a risk can
	someone might need to break	showing respect to others,	giving examples of some	a situation where	tax and VAT)	be reduced:
	a confidence in order to keep	using verbal and non-verbal	of the physical	someone under	which help to fund	Understand risks related
	someone safe.	communication.	and emotional changes	pressure may do	public services:	to growing up and
	Recognise that some types of	Understand and explain the	associated with it;	something they feel	Evaluate the different	explain the need to be
	physical contact can	term prejudice;	Suggest strategies that	uncomfortable about.	public services and	aware of these:
	produce strong negative	Identify and describe the	would help someone who	Describe the	compare their value.	Assess a risk to help
	feelings;	different groups that make	felt challenged	consequences of	Explain what we mean	keep themselves safe.
	Know that some inappropriate	up their school/wider	by the changes in puberty;	reacting to others in a	by the terms voluntary,	Define what is meant by
	touch is also illegal.	community/other parts of the	Understand what FGM is	positive or negative	community and	addiction, demonstrating
	Demonstrate a collaborative	UK:	and that it is an illegal	way;	pressure (action)	an understanding that
	approach to a task;	Describe the benefits of	practice in this country;	Suggest ways that	group;	addiction is a form of
	Describe and implement the	living in a diverse society;	Identify the changes that	people can respond	Describe the aim,	behaviour; Explain how
	skills needed to do this.	Explain the importance of	happen through puberty to	more positively to	mission statement,	drugs can be categorised
		mutual respect for different	allow sexual	others.		into different groups
	Explain what is meant by the	faiths and beliefs and how		ouners.	activity and beneficiaries of a	
	terms 'negotiation' and		reproduction to occur;			depending on their
	'compromise';	we demonstrate this.	Know a variety of ways in		chosen voluntary,	medical and legal
	Suggest positive strategies for	Explain the difference	which the sperm can		community or action	context;
	negotiating and	between a friend and an	fertilise the egg to		group.	Demonstrate an
	compromising within a	acquaintance;	create a baby;		Explain what is meant	understanding that drugs
	collaborative task;	Describe qualities of a	Know the legal age of		by living in an	can have both medical
	Demonstrate positive	strong, positive friendship;	consent and what it		environmentally	and non-medical uses;
	strategies for negotiating and	Describe the benefits of	means.		sustainable way;	Explain in simple terms
	Compromising within a	other types of relationship			Suggest actions that	some of the laws that
	collaborative task.	(e.g. neighbour,			could be taken to live	control drugs in this
		parent/carer, relative).			in a more	country.
				1	1	

 Define what is meant by the	environmentally	Understand some of the
term stereotype;	sustainable way.	basic laws in relation to
Recognise how the media	······································	drugs;
can sometimes reinforce		Explain why there are
gender stereotypes;		laws relating to drugs in
Recognise that people fall		this country.
into a wide range of what is		Understand the actual
seen as normal;		norms around drinking
Challenge stereotypical		alcohol and the
gender portrayals of people.		reasons for common
Describe ways in which		misperceptions of these;
people show their		Describe some of the
commitment to		effects and risks of
each other;		drinking alcohol.
Know the ages at which a		Ŭ
person can marry,		
depending on		
whether their parents agree;		
Understand that everyone		
has the right to be free to		
choose who and whether to		
marry.		
Recognise some of the		
challenges that arise from		
friendships;		
Suggest strategies for		
dealing with such challenges		
demonstrating the need for		
respect and an assertive		
approach.		
List some assertive		
behaviours;		
Recognise peer influence		
and pressure;		
Demonstrate using some		
assertive behaviours,		
through role-play, to resist		
peer influence and pressure.		
Recognise and empathise		
with patterns of behaviour in		
peer-group dynamics;		