All Saints CE Primary School and Nursery

Religious Education Curriculum

R.E. curriculum intent Our pupils will acquire core knowledge and understanding of the beliefs and practices of religions and worldviews, so that they can understand the world around them. Pupils will develop knowledge of the world faiths, and their understanding and awareness of the beliefs, values and traditions of other individuals, societies, communities, and cultures. Pupils will develop their religious literacy and questioning skills to confidently share their ideas, beliefs, and experiences through philosophical, theological, and human and social science lenses.

Year	Auto	ımn 1	Autumn 2		Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer	Summer 2
Nursery Cycle 1	Understanding Christianity Creation	Understanding Christianity Incarnation	Understanding Christianity Salva	_	Which times are special and why?	Where do we belong?		s special about ur world?
	Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Why do Christians perform nativity plays at Christmas?	Why do Christians a cross in the Easte garden?	•	Give examples of special occasions and suggest features of a good celebration Recall simple stories from Christmas, Easter and a festival from another faith Say why these festivals are special times for believers	Retell religious stories making connections with personal experiences Share and record occasions when things have happened in their lives that made them feel special Recall simply what happens at a traditional baptism Recall simply what happens when a baby is welcomed into Islam	find inter or wonder about the experient about the about what about the human be Think about the human be Think about the human be the nate expressing feelings Express in to look and plants Tall people de	ces and feelings e world ories, talking nat they say e world, God, eings out the wonders tural world, ng ideas and deas about how fter animals and lk about what o to mess up the d what they do
Nursery Cycle 2	Understanding Christianity Creation	Understanding Christianity Incarnation	Understanding Christianity Salvat	tion	Which times are special and why?	Where do we belong?		pecial about

	Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Why do Christians perform nativity plays at Christmas?	Why do Christians put a cross in the Easter garden?	Give examples of special occasions and suggest features of a good celebration Recall simple stories from Christmas, Easter and a festival from another faith Say why these festivals are special times for believers	Retell religious stories making connections with personal experiences Share and record occasions when things have happened in their lives that made them feel special Recall simply what happens at a traditional baptism Recall simply what happens when a baby is welcomed into Islam	Talk about things they find interesting, puzzling or wonderful and also about their own experiences and feelings about the world Re-tell stories, talking about what they say about the world, God, human beings Think about the wonders of the natural world, expressing ideas and feelings Express ideas about how to look after animals and plants Talk about what people do to mess up the world and what they do to look after it
Reception Cycle 1	Understanding Christianity Creation	Understanding Christianity Incarnation	Understanding Christianity Salvation	Which Stories are Special and Why?	Which People are Special and Why?	Which Places are Special and Why?
	Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.	Why do Christians put a cross in the Easter garden? Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.	Talk about religious stories. Recognise some religious words such as God and Bible. Identify some of their own feelings in the stories they hear. Identify sacred texts	Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Say what makes their family and friends special to them. Identity some qualities of a good friend. Recall a story about a special person in Sikhism.	Talk about somewhere which is special to themselves. Understand that some places are special to members of their community. Talk about the things that are special in a place of worship. Recognise a place of worship and recognise some of its features. Get to know and use words to talk about their

						thoughts and feelings when visiting a church.
Reception Cycle 2	Understanding Christianity Creation	Understanding Christianity Incarnation	Understanding Christianity Salvation	Which Times are Special and Why?	Where do we Belong?	What is Special about our World?
	Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways	Why do Christians put a cross in the Easter garden? Understand that some places are special to members of their community.	Give examples of special occasions and suggest features of a good celebration. Recall simple stories from Christmas, Easter and a festival from another faith. Say why these festivals are special times for believers.	Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Retell religious stories making connections with personal experiences. Share and record occasions when things have happened in their lives that made them feel special. Recall simply what happens at a traditional Baptism. Recall simply what happens when a baby is welcomed into Islam.	Talk about things they find interesting, puzzling or wonderful and also about their own experiences and feelings about the world. Re-tell stories, talking about what they say about the world, God, human beings Think about the wonders of the natural world, expressing ideas and feelings. Express ideas about how to look after animals and plants. Talk about what people do to mess up the world and what they do to look after it. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
Year 1 Cycle 1	Understanding Christianity	Understanding Christianity	Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?	Understanding Christianity	Who is a Christian and what do they believe?	Who is a Jew and what do they believe?
	Creation	Incarnation		God		

	Retell the story of Creation. Recognise that creation is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world. Give examples of what Christians do to say thank you to God for the Creation.	Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important to Christians. Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels. Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas.	Talk about simple ideas about Muslim beliefs about God. Retell a story about the life of Prophet Muhammed. Talk about the fact that Muslim believe in one God and follow the example of Prophet Muhammed. Make links between the Q'uran and how Muslims behave.	Identify what a parable is. Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the concept of God as the forgiving Father. Give examples in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving.	Talk about some simple ideas about Christian beliefs about God and Jesus. Retell a story that shows what Christians might think about God. Recognise some Christian symbols and images used to express the ideas of God.	Talk about how Jewish people believe in God. Recognise that Jewish people recognise God in different ways. Talk about the mezuzah in the home reminds Jewish people about God. Talk about how Shabbat is a special day in the week for Jewish people.
Year 1 Cycle 2	Understanding Christianity	Who is a Jew and what do they believe?	Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?	Understanding Christianity	Who is a Christian and what do they believe?	Extending the curriculum "Digging deeper"
·	Gospel			Salvation		
	Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a concept of 'Gospel' or good news.	Talk about how Jewish people believe in God. Recognise that Jewish people recognise God in different ways. Talk about the mezuzah in the home reminds Jewish people about God. Talk about how Shabbat is a special day in the week for Jewish people.	Talk about simple ideas about Muslim beliefs about God. Retell a story about the life of Prophet Muhammed. Talk about the fact that Muslim believe in one God and follow the example of Prophet Muhammed. Make links between the Q'uran and how Muslims behave.		Talk about some simple ideas about Christian beliefs about God and Jesus. Retell a story that shows what Christians might think about God. Recognise some Christian symbols and images used to express the ideas of God.	Tell the key points of Jonah from the Bible and recognise a link with the concept of God.
Year 2 Cycle 1	Understanding Christianity- Creation	Understanding Christianity - Incarnation	1.4 What can we learn from sacred books? Christian/Muslim/ Jewish (Believing)WAS	Understanding Christianity - God	1.5 What makes some places sacred? Christians/Muslim (Expressing) WAS	1.8 How should we care for others and the world and why does it matter? Christians/Jewish (Living)WAS

	To know that Christians believe: God created the universe. The Earth and everything in it are important to God. God has a unique relationship with human beings as their Creator and Sustainer.	To know that: Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem. The Bible points out that his birth showed he was extraordinary) and that he came to bring good news. Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; Advent for Christians is a time for getting ready for Jesus' coming.	Recognise that sacred texts contain stories which are special to many people and should be treated with respect. Re-tell stories from the Christian Bible and stories from another faith; suggest the meaning of these stories.	To know that: Christians believe in God, and that they find out about God in the Bible. Christians believe God is loving, kind, fair, and also Lord and King; and there are some stories that show this. Christians worship God, and try to live in ways that please him.	Identify special objects and symbols found in a place where people worship and be able to say something about what they mean and how they are used. Describe some of the ways in which people use music in worship, and talk about how different kinds of music makes them feel.	Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world. Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world.
Year 2 Cycle 2	Understanding Christianity - Gospel	1.4 What can we learn from sacred books? Christian/Muslims/ Jewish (Believing)WAS	Understanding Christianity - Salvation	1.5 What makes some places sacred? Christians/Muslims (Expressing)WAS	1.8 How should we care for others and the world and why does it matter? Christians/Jewish (Living)WAS	Extend RE curriculum 'digging deeper
	To know that: Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people. For Christians, this good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things.	Recognise that sacred texts contain stories which are special to many people and should be treated with respect. Re-tell stories from the Christian Bible and stories from another faith.	To know that: Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible. Jesus showed that he was willing to forgive all people, even for putting him on the cross. Christians believe Jesus builds a bridge between God and humans. Christians believe Jesus rose from the dead, giving people hope of a new life	Identify special objects and symbols found in a place where people worship and be able to say something about what they mean and how they are used. Describe some of the ways in which people use music in worship, and talk about how different kinds of music makes them feel.	Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world. Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world.	
Year 3 Cycle 1	What do different people believe about God? Christian/ Hindu/	Understanding Christianity CREATION	2.2 Why is the Bible so important for Christians today? Christian	Understanding Christianity PEOPLE OF GOD	Understanding Christianity INCARNATION	2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?

	Muslim (Believing)		(Believing)			Hindu (Living)
	Describe some of the ways in which Christians, Hindus and/or Muslims describe God Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses to ideas about God Suggest why having a faith or belief in something can be hard and say why it makes a difference in people's lives to believe in God.	Pupils will know that Christians believe that: God the Creator cares for the creation, including human beings. As human beings are part of God's good creation, they do best when they listen to God. The Bible shows that God wants to help people to be close to him, he keeps his relationship with them, gives them guidelines on good ways to live. Christians believe God made our wonderful world and so we should look after it.	Make connections between stories in the Bible and what Christians believe about creation, the Fall and salvation. Give examples of how and suggest reasons why Christians use the Bible today. Describe some ways Christians say God is like, with some examples from the Bible, using different forms of expression. Discuss their own and others' ideas about why humans do bad things and the ways people try to put things right.	Pupils will know that: The Old Testament tells the story of a particular group of people, the children of Israel known as the People of God — and their relationship with God. The People of God try to live in the way God wants, following his commands and worshipping him. They believe he promises to stay with them and Bible stories show how God keeps his promises.	Pupils will know that: Christians believe God is Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Christians believe The Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends the Holy Spirit to his followers. Christians find that understanding God is challenging. Christians really want to try to understand God better using symbols, similes and metaphors, in song, story, poems and art. Christians worship God as Trinity. Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's power at work in the world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus.	Describe some examples of what Hindus do to show their faith, and make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims and duties in life. Describe some ways in which Hindus express their faith through puja, aarti and bhajans. Suggest at least two reasons why being a Hindu is a good thing in Britain today, and two reasons why it might be hard sometimes. Discuss links between the acitons of Hindus in helping others and ways in which people of other faiths and beliefs, including themselves, help others.
Year 3 Cycle 2	2.1 What do different people believe about God? Christian/Hindu/ Muslim (Believing)	Understanding Christianity GOSPEL	2.2 Why is the Bible so important for Christians today? Christian (Believing)	Understanding Christianity SALVATION	Understanding Christianity KINGDOM OF GOD	2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Hindu (Living)
	Describe some of the ways in which Christians, Hindus and/or Muslims describe God.	Pupils will know that: Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live — he sets the example for loving God and your	Make connections between stories in the Bible and what Christians believe about creation, the Fall and salvation.	Pupils will know that: Christians see Holy Week as the culmination of Jesus' earthly life, leading to his death and resurrection.	Pupils will know that: Christians believe that Jesus inaugurated the 'Kingdom of God' — i.e. Jesus' whole life was a	Describe some examples of what Hindus do to show their faith, and make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings

	Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses to ideas about God. Suggest why having a faith or belief in something can be hard and say why it makes a difference in people's lives to believe in God.	neighbour, putting others first. Jesus shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people. Christians try to be like Jesus they want to know him better and better. Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots of ways, from church worship to social justice.	Give examples of how and suggest reasons why Christians use the Bible today. Describe some ways Christians say God is like, with some examples from the Bible, using different forms of expression. Discuss their own and others' ideas about why humans do bad things and the ways people try to put things right.	The various events of Holy Week, such as the Last Supper, were important in showing the disciples what Jesus came to earth to do. Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today. Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection.	demonstration of his belief that God is King, not just in heaven but here and now. Christians believe Jesus is still alive, and rules in their hearts and lives by the Holy Spirit, if they let him. Christians believe that after Jesus returned to be with God the Father, he sent the Holy Spirit at Pentecost to help the Church to make Jesus' invisible Kingdom visible by living lives that reflect the love of God. Christians celebrate Pentecost as the beginning of the Church.	about aims and duties in life. Describe some ways in which Hindus express their faith through puja, aarti and bhajans. Suggest at least two reasons why being a Hindu is a good thing in Britain today, and two reasons why it might be hard sometimes. Discuss links between the actions of Hindus in helping others and ways in which people of other faiths and beliefs, including themselves, help others.
Year 4 Cycle 1	Understanding Christianity CREATION	Understanding Christianity PEOPLE OF GOD	Why are festivals important to religious communities? (Expressing)	Why is Jesus inspiring to some people (Believing)	Understanding Christianity INCARNATION	Why do some people think that life is a journey and what significant experiences mark this?
	Pupils will know that Christians believe that: God the Creator cares for the creation, including human beings. As human beings are part of God's good creation, they do best when they listen to God. The Bible shows that God wants to help people to be close to him, he keeps his relationship with them,	Pupils will know that: The Old Testament tells the story of a particular group of people, the children of Israel known as the People of God — and their relationship with God. The People of God try to live in the way God wants, following his commands and worshipping him. They believe he promises to stay with them and Bible stories	Think about times in their own lives when pupils remember and celebrate significant events/people, and why and how they do this. Consider the meanings of the stories behind key religious festivals, e.g Christmas, Easter, Pentecost, Harvest in Christianity, Diwali in Hinduism, Pesach, Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur in Judaism, Eid in Islam. Describe how	explore what makes a person inspirational to others, identifying characteristics of a good role model. Use the events of Holy Week and Easter to find out why Jesus is so important to Christians today; how are the events of Holy Week celebrated by Christians, e.g. Palm Sunday, waving palms; Maundy Thursday, washing feet; sorrow of Good Friday services; darkness in churches on	Pupils will know that: Christians believe God is Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit. Christians believe The Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends the Holy Spirit to his followers. Christians find that understanding God is challenging. Christians really want to try to understand God better using symbols, similes and metaphors,	(Expressing) Consider the value and meaning of ceremonies which mark milestones in life, particularly those associated with growing up and taking responsibility within a faith community: in Christianity, confirmation and 'believers' baptism' or adult baptism, first communion and confession (Roman Catholic); sacred thread ceremony in Hinduism; bar/bat mitzvah/chayil in Judaism. Explore the symbols and

	gives them guidelines on good ways to live. Christians believe God made our wonderful world and so we should look after it.	show how God keeps his promises.	believers express the meaning of religious festivals through symbols, sounds, actions, story and rituals. notice and think about similarities and differences between the way festival are celebrated e.g. Christmas or Holy Week within different Christian traditions; between home and places of worship.	Saturday; light and joy of Easter Day. Introduce the belief that Christians cannot be completely good and so they rely on the Holy Spirit to help them follow Jesus and be more like him (see the 'fruit of the Spirit, Galatians 5:22–23).	in song, story, poems and art. Christians worship God as Trinity. Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's power at work in the world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus.	rituals used, and the promises made. Do non-religious people e.g. Humanists mark these moments? Rank, sort and order some different commitments held by believers in different religions – and by the pupils themselves.
Year 4 Cycle 2	Understanding Christianity GOSPEL	Understanding Christianity SALVATION	Why are festivals important to religious communities? (Expressing)	Why is Jesus inspiring to some people (Believing)	Understanding Christianity KINGDOM OF GOD	Why do some people think that life is a journey and what significant experiences mark this? (Expressing)
	Pupils will know that: Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live — he sets the example for loving God and your neighbour, putting others first. Jesus shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people.	Pupils will know that: Christians see Holy Week as the culmination of Jesus' earthly life, leading to his death and resurrection. The various events of Holy Week, such as the Last Supper, were important in showing the disciples what Jesus came to earth to do. Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today. Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last	Think about times in their own lives when pupils remember and celebrate significant events/people, and why and how they do this. Consider the meanings of the stories behind key religious festivals, e.g Christmas, Easter, Pentecost, Harvest in Christianity, Diwali in Hinduism, Pesach, Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur in Judaism, Eid in Islam. Describe how believers express the meaning of religious	Explore creatively some words and actions of Jesus which continue to inspire Christians today e.g The Parable of the Two Builder from Matthew chapter 7; hot-seat characters, freeze-frame or act out stories; create artworks; collect pupils' questions, then find out how Christians interpret these by asking some. Find out about the impact that believing in Jesus can have on a Christian's life and how Jesus has inspired some examples of	Pupils will know that: Christians believe that Jesus inaugurated the 'Kingdom of God' — i.e. Jesus' whole life was a demonstration of his belief that God is King, not just in heaven but here and now. Christians believe Jesus is still alive, and rules in their hearts and lives by the Holy Spirit, if they let him. Christians believe that after Jesus returned to be with God the Father, he sent the Holy Spirit at	Think about the symbolism, meaning and value of ceremonies that mark the commitment of a loving relationship between two people: compare marriage ceremonies and commitments in two religious traditions. What promises are made? Why are they important? Compare with non-religious ceremonies. Explore some basic ideas about what Christians, Hindus and Jewish people believe about life after death; how do they mark the end of life?

		week, death and resurrection.	festivals through symbols, sounds, actions, story and rituals. notice and think about similarities and differences between the way festival are celebrated e.g. Christmas or Holy Week within different Christian traditions; between home and places of worship.	contemporary inspirational Christians, e.g. how Christians show gratitude to Jesus for saving them and dealing with sin and death and bringing forgiveness – by prayer, worship, giving generously, telling other people about Jesus, caring for others.	Pentecost to help the Church to make Jesus' invisible Kingdom visible by living lives that reflect the love of God. Christians celebrate Pentecost as the beginning of the Church.	Reflect on their own ideas about community, belonging and belief.
Year 5	2.7 What matters most	Understanding	What does it mean to be	Understanding	2.1 Why do some	Understanding Christianity
Cycle 1	to Christians and	Christianity	a Muslim in Britain	Christianity	people believe God	INCARNATION
	Humanists To use dilemmas for	CREATION	today?	PEOPLE OF GOD	exists? Gather information and	Evaluin the place of
	learning, noticing and	Outline the importance of Creation on the	Describe what people might need to support	Explain connections between the story of	ideas about the religious	Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah
	reacting to difficult	timeline of the 'big story'	them on the journey of	Moses and the concepts of	make-up of the world,	within
	cases of right and	of the Bible.	life.	freedom	the UK and their local	the 'big story' of the Bible.
	wrong, good and bad.	Identify what type of	Consider questions such	and salvation, using	area.	Identify Gospel and
	To build up	text some Christians say	as how life is like a	theological terms.	Some reasons why some	prophecy texts, using
	understanding of the	Genesis 1 is, and	journey? What do	Make clear connections	people believe in God,	technical terms.
	concepts of fairness,	It's purpose.	people use to support	between Bible texts	some people do not	Show how Christians put
	justice, forgiveness and	Make clear connections	them through the	studied and what	believe in God and some	their beliefs about Jesus'
	free choice through	between Genesis 1 and	journey?	Christians believe	people have not	Incarnation into practice in
	speaking and listening	Christian belief about	Describe the five pillars	about being the People of	decided.	different ways in
	and drama work.	God as Creator.	of Islam	God and how they should	The definitions of the	celebrating Christmas.
	To explore the	Show understanding of	Describe the key belief	behave.	terms; theism, atheism	Weigh up how far the idea
	concepts of being	why many Christians find	of Muslims and explain	Explain ways in which	and agnosticism.	that Jesus is the Messiah —
	naughty and being	science	how it affects their life	some Christians put their	Express their own ideas	a Saviour
	good in terms of	Identify key ideas arising	Find out more about the	beliefs into practice by	about theism, atheism	from God — is important in
	actions, words and	from their study of	life of the Prophet	trying to bring freedom to	and agnosticism.	the
	thoughts.	Genesis 1 and	Consider questions such	others.		world today and, if it is true,
		comment on how far	as how might hearing	Identify ideas about		what difference that might
		these are helpful or	the shahdah every day	freedom and justice		make in people's lives.
		inspiring, justifying	affect the life of a	arising from their		
		their responses.	Muslim?	study of Bible texts and		

			comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses.		
Year 5 2.7 What matters most to Christians and	Understanding Christianity	What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain	Understanding Christianity	2.1 What do some people believe God	Understanding Christianity KINGDOM OF GOD
Humanists	GOSPEL	today?	SALVATION	exists?	KINGBOW OF GOD
To use dilemmas for learning, noticing and reacting to difficult cases of right and wrong, good and bad. To build up understanding of the concepts of fairness, justice, forgiveness and free choice through speaking and listening and drama work. To explore the concepts of being naughty and being good in terms of actions, words and thoughts.	Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative). Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel texts studied, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret biblical texts, showing awareness of different interpretations. Make clear connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how Christians live in the Christian community and in their individual lives. Relate biblical ideas, teachings or beliefs (for example, about peace, forgiveness, healing) to the issues, problems and opportunities of their own lives and the life of	Describe what people might need to support them on the journey of life. Consider questions such as how life is like a journey? What do people use to support them through the journey? Describe the five pillars of Islam Describe the key belief of Muslims and explain how it affects their life Find out more about the life of the Prophet Consider questions such as how might hearing the shahdah every day affect the life of a Muslim?	Outline the timeline of the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it. Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice, using theological terms. Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper. Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice. Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today.	Gather information and ideas about the religious make-up of the world, the UK and their local area. Some reasons why some people believe in God, some people do not believe in God and some people have not decided. The definitions of the terms; theism, atheism and agnosticism. Express their own ideas about theism, atheism and agnosticism.	Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the Kingdom of God. Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations.

		offering insights of their own.				
Year 6 Cycle 1	2.3 What do religions say to us when life gets hard? Christian/Humanists/ Hindu (Believing)	Understanding Christianity CREATION	2.5 Is it better to express your beliefs in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity? Christian/ Humanists/ Muslim (Expressing)	Understanding Christianity PEOPLE OF GOD	Understanding Christianity INCARNATION	2.2 What would Jesus do? Can we live by the values of Jesus in the twenty-first century? Christian (Believing)
	Learn some key concepts about life and death in different religions Consider similarities and differences Reflect on 'big questions' Explore how religions help people to live during challenging or difficult times	There is much debate and some controversy around the relationship between the accounts of creation in Genesis and contemporary scientific accounts. There are many scientists throughout history and now who are Christians	Notice, list and explain similarities and differences between Christian and Muslim sacred buildings. Compare Christian and Muslim ideas about art Weigh up which has greater impact – art or charity?	The Old Testament pieces together the story of the People of God The story of Moses and the exodus How some Christians apply these ideas to living today	Christians believe Jesus is God in the flesh The Old Testament talks about a 'rescuer' or 'anointed one' — a messiah. Some texts talk about what this 'messiah' would be like Christians see Jesus as their Saviour	Explore Jesus' teachings and example and how they inspire Christians today Examine Luke 4:18–19 and find out what Jesus saw as his mission. Explore Christian values of love, forgiveness, justice, fairness and generosity
Year 6 Cycle 2	2.3 What do religions say to us when life gets hard? Christian/Humanists/Hindu (Believing)	Understanding Christianity God	2.5 Is it better to express your beliefs in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity? Christian/ Humanists/ Muslim (Expressing)	Understanding Christianity Salvation	Understanding Christianity Gospel	2.2 What would Jesus do? Can we live by the values of Jesus in the twenty-first century? Christian (Believing)
	Learn some key concepts about life and death in different religions Consider similarities and differences Reflect on 'big questions' Explore how religions help people to live	Christians believe God is omnipotent, omniscient and eternal, and that this means God is worth worshipping Christians do not all agree about what God is like, but try to follow his path, as they see it in the	Notice, list and explain similarities and differences between Christian and Muslim sacred buildings. Compare Christian and Muslim ideas about art Weigh up which has greater impact – art or charity?	Christians read the 'big story' of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people. This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans' relationship with God Belief in Jesus' resurrection confirms to	Christians see that Jesus' teachings and example cut across expectations— the Sermon on the Mount is an example of this, where Jesus' values favour serving the weak and vulnerable, not making people comfortable	Explore Jesus' teachings and example and how they inspire Christians today Examine Luke 4:18–19 and find out what Jesus saw as his mission. Explore Christian values of love, forgiveness, justice, fairness and generosity

during challenging or	Bible or through Church	Christians that Jesus is the	Christians believe that	
difficult times	teaching	incarnate Son of God, but	they should bring this	
		also that death is not the	good news to life in the	
		end.	world in different ways	